

Faculty Submitting: Siobhan Toal

Specify here whether “Pre” or “End” of Unit and the Unit #: Pre Unit 12

<i>LOs:</i> Describe the implications of reaction reversibility for chemical equilibrium Calculate, manipulate, and interpret equilibrium constants (K_f , K_c , K_p , K_{sp} , K_w , K_f) Predict the direction of an equilibrium by comparing the equilibrium constant and the reaction quotient Define the differences between kinetics, thermodynamics and equilibrium	
<i>Readings: Ch 13</i>	
Unit 12_ Question 1	Canvas Question Type: multiple dropdowns
	Question Text: When the [blank1] of the forward and reverse reaction direction are equal, a reversible reaction is said to be [blank 2] Blank 1 Rates Concentrations Blank 2 Complete At equilibrium
Read More	https://openstax.org/books/chemistry-2e/pages/13-1-chemical-equilibria
Unit 12_ Question 2	Canvas Question Type: Multiple Choice Question Text: When equilibrium is reached, the concentrations of products and reactants: Correct Answer: Remain constant Wrong Answers Are equal to eachother Are both at 100%
Read more	https://openstax.org/books/chemistry-2e/pages/13-2-equilibrium-constants

<p>Unit 12_ Question 3</p>	<p>Canvas Question type: Multiple choice</p> <p>Question Text:</p> <p>What is the general formulation for calculating an equilibrium constant? (Where m and n are the appropriate stoichiometric coefficients)</p> <p>Correct Answer: $\frac{[\text{products}]^m}{[\text{reactants}]^n}$</p> <p>Wrong Answers: $\frac{[\text{reactants}]^m}{[\text{products}]^n}$ $[\text{reactants}]^m \times [\text{products}]^n$ $[\text{reactants}]^m + [\text{products}]^n$</p>
<p>Read More</p>	<p>https://openstax.org/books/chemistry-2e/pages/13-2-equilibrium-constants</p>
<p>Unit 12_ Question 4</p> <p>a</p>	<p>Canvas Question type: Multiple choice</p> <p>Question Text:</p> <p>An equilibrium constant with a large magnitude indicates:</p> <p>Correct Answer: more product at equilibrium</p> <p>Wrong Answers: A fast reaction A slow reaction more reactant at equilibrium</p>
<p>b</p>	<p>Question Text:</p> <p>An equilibrium constant with a small magnitude indicates:</p> <p>Correct Answer: more reactant at equilibrium</p> <p>Wrong Answers: A fast reaction A slow reaction more product at equilibrium</p>
<p>Read More</p>	<p>https://openstax.org/books/chemistry-2e/pages/13-2-equilibrium-constants</p>
<p>Unit 12_ Question 5</p>	<p>Canvas Question type: Multiple Checkboxes/Answers</p> <p>Question Text:</p>

	<p>Which of the following (may be more than one) will cause a shift of the system to re-establish equilibrium</p> <p>Correct Answers Temperature change Concentration change Pressure changes Volume changes</p>